
Finding activity cycles in Kepler data

Krisztián Vida^{*†1} and Katalin Oláh¹

¹Konkoly Observatory (MTA CSFK CSI) – Hungary

Abstract

We analyse light curves of 39 fast-rotating active stars from the Kepler database. Using time-frequency analysis, we find proof for activity cycles of 400-900 days at 8 targets: the changing typical latitude of the starspots and the differential rotation of the stellar surface changes the observed rotation period.

*Speaker

†Corresponding author: vidakris@konkoly.hu